

PVDF

Chemical Resistance Guide



SECOND EDITION

PVDF CHEMICAL RESISTANCE GUIDE

Thermoplastics:
Kynar® Polyvinylidene Fluoride (PVDF)
for Waste Drainage Systems



IPEX

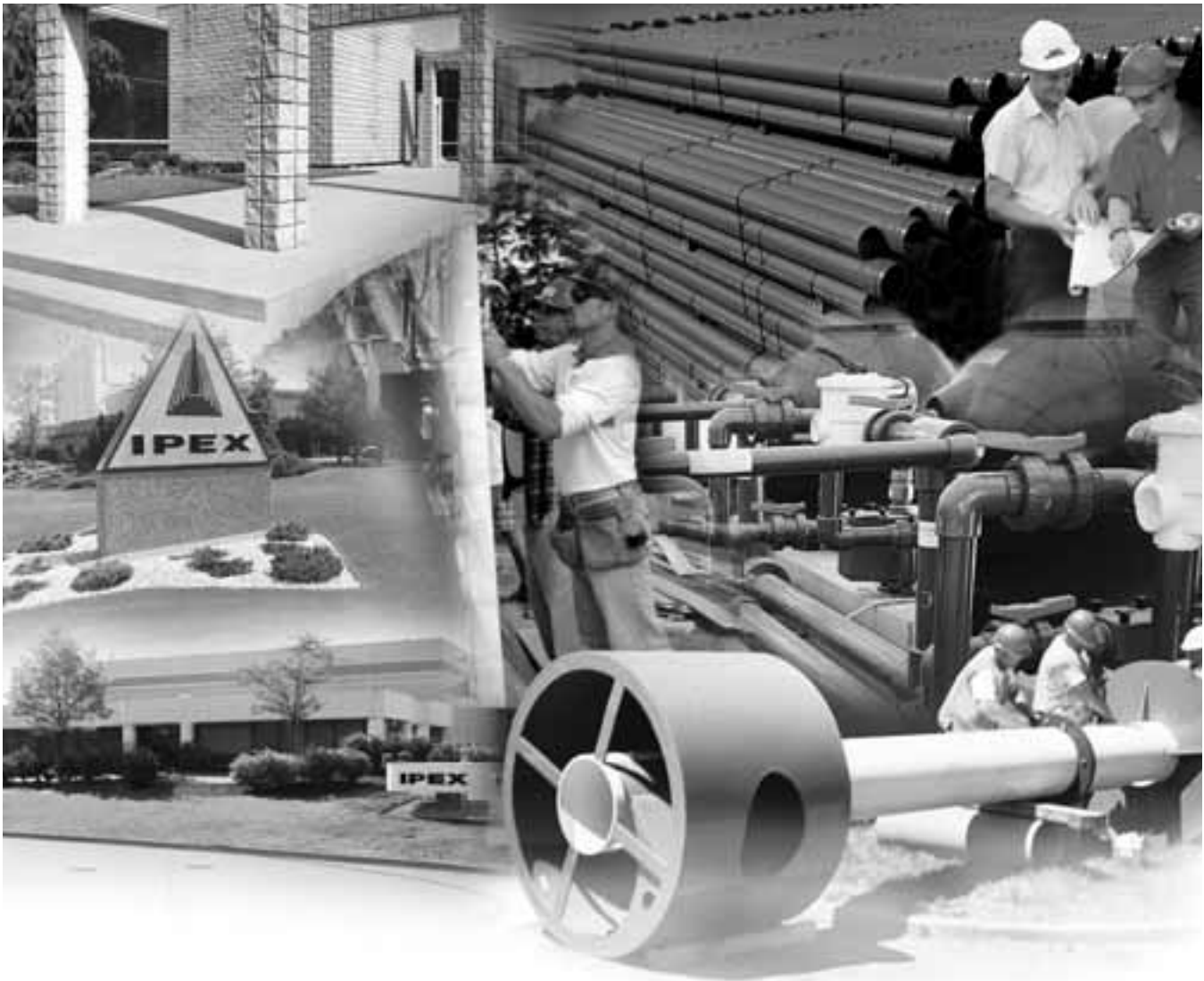
Chemical Resistance Guide

Kynar® Polyvinylidene Fluoride (PVDF) for Waste Drainage Systems

2nd Edition

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ABOUT IPEX

At IPEX, we have been manufacturing non-metallic pipe and fittings since 1951. We formulate our own compounds and maintain strict quality control during production. Our products are made available for customers thanks to a network of regional stocking locations from coast-to-coast. We offer a wide variety of systems including complete lines of piping, fittings, valves and custom-fabricated items.

More importantly, we are committed to meeting our customers' needs. As a leader in the plastic piping industry, IPEX continually develops new products, modernizes manufacturing facilities and acquires innovative process technology. In addition, our staff take pride in their work, making available to customers their extensive thermoplastic knowledge and field experience. IPEX personnel are committed to improving the safety, reliability and performance of thermoplastic materials. We are involved in several standards committees and are members of and/or comply with the organizations listed on this page.

For specific details about any IPEX product, contact our customer service department.

INTRODUCTION

Thermoplastics and elastomers have outstanding resistance to a wide range of chemical reagents. The chemical resistance of plastic piping is basically a function of the thermoplastic material and the compounding components. In general, the less compounding components used the better the chemical resistance. Thermoplastic pipes with significant filler percentages may be susceptible to chemical attack where an unfilled material may be affected to a lesser degree or not at all.

Some newer piping products utilize a multi-layered (composite) construction, where both thermoplastic and non-thermoplastic materials are used for the layers. Layered composite material pipe may have chemical resistance that differs from the chemical resistance of the individual material. Such resistance however, is a function both of temperatures and concentration, and there are many reagents which can be handled for limited temperature ranges and concentrations. In borderline cases, it will be found that there is limited attack, generally resulting in some swelling due to absorption. There are also many cases where some attack will occur under specific conditions, but for many such applications, the use of plastic will be justified on economic grounds when considered against alternative materials. Resistance is often affected (and frequently reduced) when handling a number of chemicals or compounds containing impurities. For this reason, when specific applications are being considered, it may be worthwhile to carry out tests using the actual product that will be encountered in service. The listing that follows does not address chemical combinations.

The information is based on immersion tests on unstressed coupons, experiments and, when available, actual process experience as well as data from tests inclusive of stress from temperature and pressure. The end user should be aware of the fact that actual service conditions will affect the chemical resistance.

Chemicals that do not normally affect the properties of an unstressed thermoplastic may cause completely different behavior (such as stress cracking) when under thermal or mechanical stress (such as constant internal pressure or frequent thermal or mechanical stress cycles). Chemical resistance data from immersion tests cannot be unconditionally applied to thermoplastic piping components subjected to continuous or frequent mechanical or thermal stresses.

When the pipe will be subject to a continuous applied mechanical or thermal stress, or to combinations of chemicals, testing that duplicates the expected field conditions, as closely as possible, should be performed on representative samples of the pipe product to properly evaluate plastic pipe for use in this application.

RATINGS

Ratings are according to the product and suppliers.

The absence of any class indication for any given materials, signifies the absence of data for such material(s) with respect to the specific chemical(s), temperature(s) and concentration(s).

NOTE: Chemical resistance data is found in a laboratory setting and cannot account for all possible variables of an installed application. It is up to the design engineer or final user to use this information as guidance for a specific application design.

If a material is chemically resistant to the concentrated form of a specific chemical, it should be resistant to the diluted form of that same chemical.

All Chemical Resistance data for Polyvinylidene Fluoride (PVDF) contained within this manual has been provided, with written consent, by Arkema Inc.

KYNAR® POLYVINYLIDENE FLUORIDE (PVDF) FOR WASTE DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

All Chemical Resistance data for Polyvinylidene Fluoride (PVDF) contained within this manual has been provided, with written consent, by Arkema Inc.

Kynar® Polyvinylidene fluoride (PVDF) resin is a tough engineering thermoplastic that offers a unique balance of performance properties. It has the characteristic stability of fluoropolymers when exposed to harsh thermal, chemical and ultraviolet environments.

For chemical and high temperature resistance, low permeability and high mechanical strength, Kynar PVDF resin is used as a contact surface for the production, storage and transfer of corrosive fluids. Kynar PVDF resin is used in mechanical components, fabricated vessels, tanks, pumps, valves, filters, heat exchangers, tower packing, piping systems, as well as other applications.

Corrosive Waste Drainage and Plenum Applications

IPEX Plenumline grade Kynar PVDF resin easily achieves the flame spread / smoke developed rating of 25/50 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84. This enables Plenumline PVDF pipe to be used in the plenum for applications such as corrosive waste drainage and laboratory chemical systems.

IPEX Plenumline utilizes Kynar PVDF resins that are designed especially for harsh environments such as:

- Pharmaceutical industries
- Chemical industries
- College laboratories
- High school laboratories
- Hospital laboratories

Third party testing of PVDF resin has confirmed the resin and the piping molded from the resin meet the International Mechanical Code (IMC) requirements for material installed in the plenum.

| Material | Flame Spread Rating | Smoke Developed Rating |
|------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| IMC Plenum Requirement | 25 | 50 |
| PVDF 740-02 | 5 | 35 |

In addition to its notable fire and smoke characteristics, PVDF resin has these important properties.

- Mechanical strength and toughness
- High abrasion resistance
- High thermal stability
- High dielectric strength
- High purity
- Resistant to most chemicals and solvents
- Resistant to ultraviolet and nuclear radiation
- Resistant to weathering
- Resistant to fungi
- Low permeability to most gases and liquids

The following pages list the guidelines for using PVDF products in chemical waste drainage applications. PVDF resin is suitable for short-term contact with many chemicals up to 300°F (150°C). If your application involves mixtures of chemicals and temperatures above 104°F (40°C), PVDF resin will likely be fine, but IPEX recommends that you consult our technical staff prior to installing your system.

Guidelines for using KYNAR® PVDF products in chemical waste drainage.

| | |
|-----------|--|
| A+ | Suitable for elevated temperatures varying with chemical in question. |
| A | Suitable for continuous ambient conditions and for short term elevated temperature varying with chemical in question. |
| A- | Suitable for short term use at full strength under ambient conditions, and suitable for continuous use at ambient conditions in diluted form. |
| NR | If concentration will be less than 100%, please contact IPEX technical staff for assessment of a safe concentration at maximum exposure temperature. |

KYNAR® POLYVINYLIDENE FLUORIDE (PVDF) FOR WASTE DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

CHEMICAL RESISTANCE DATA

| Chemical Substance | Concentration* | Rating |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------|
| A | | |
| Acetaldehyde | | A- |
| Acetamide | | A- |
| Acetic Acid | | A |
| Acetic Acid | 10% in water | A+ |
| Acetic Acid | 50% in water | A+ |
| Acetic Acid | 80% in water | A+ |
| Acetic Anhydride | | A- |
| Acetone | | A- |
| Acetone | 10% in water | A+ |
| Acetonitrile | | A- |
| Acetophenone | | A- |
| Acetyl Bromide | | A+ |
| Acetyl Chloride | | A+ |
| Acetylacetone | | A- |
| Acetylene | | A+ |
| Acrylonitrile | | A |
| Adipic Acid | | A+ |
| Air | | A+ |
| Alcoholic Spirits | 40% Ethyl Alcohol | A+ |
| Allyl Alcohol | | A+ |
| Allyl Chloride | | A+ |
| Aluminum Acetate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Aluminum Bromide | | A+ |
| Aluminum Chloride | Up to 40% in water | A+ |
| Aluminum Fluoride | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Aluminum Hydroxide | | A+ |
| Aluminum Nitrate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Aluminum Oxychloride | | A+ |
| Aluminum Sulfate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Ammonia, gas | | A |
| Ammonia, Liquid | | A |
| Ammonium Acetate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Ammonium Alum | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Ammonium Bifluoride | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Ammonium Bromide | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Ammonium Carbonate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |

| Chemical Substance | Concentration* | Rating |
|------------------------|------------------------|--------|
| Ammonium Chloride | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Ammonium Dichromate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Ammonium Fluoride | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Ammonium Hydroxide | Up to "concentrated" | A+ |
| Ammonium Metaphosphate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Ammonium Nitrate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Ammonium Persulfate | Aqueous solution/solid | A |
| Ammonium Phosphate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Ammonium Sulfate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Ammonium Sulfide | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Ammonium Thiocyanate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Amyl Acetate | | A |
| Amyl Alcohol | | A+ |
| Sec-Amyl Alcohol | | A+ |
| Amyl Chloride | | A+ |
| Aniline | | A |
| Aniline Hydrochloride | Aqueous solution/solid | A |
| Aqua Regia | | A |
| Arsenic acid | Aqueous solution | A+ |
| Asphalt | | A+ |
| | | |
| B | | |
| Barium Carbonate | | A+ |
| Barium Chloride | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Barium Hydroxide | | A+ |
| Barium Nitrate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Barium Sulfate | | A+ |
| Barium Sulfi de | | A+ |
| Beer | | A+ |
| Beet Sugar Liquors | | A+ |
| Benzaldehyde | | A- |
| Benzene | | A+ |
| Benzenesulfonic Acid | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Benzoic Acid | | A+ |
| Benzoyl Chloride | | A+ |
| Benzoyl Peroxide | | A+ |

A+: Suitable for elevated temperatures

A: Suitable for continuous ambient conditions and for short term elevated temperatures

A-: Suitable for continuous use in diluted form - contact IPEX

NR: If concentration will be less than 100% - contact IPEX

*Pure substance unless otherwise indicated

KYNAR® POLYVINYLIDENE FLUORIDE (PVDF) FOR WASTE DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

CHEMICAL RESISTANCE DATA

| Chemical Substance | Concentration* | Rating |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Benzyl Alcohol | | A+ |
| Benzyl Chloride | | A+ |
| Benzyl Ether | | A |
| Benzylamine | Aqueous solution/solid | A- |
| Black Liquor | | A+ |
| Bleaching Agents | | A+ |
| Borax | | A+ |
| Boric Acid | | A+ |
| Boron Trifluoride | | A+ |
| Brine | | A+ |
| Brine, acid | | A+ |
| Brine, basic | | A+ |
| Brine, chlorinated acid | | A+ |
| Bromic Acid | Aqueous solution | A+ |
| Bromine dry gas | | A+ |
| Bromine, liquid | | A+ |
| Bromine, water | | A+ |
| Bromobenzene | | A+ |
| Bromoform | | A+ |
| m-Bromotoluene | | A+ |
| Butadiene | | A+ |
| Butane | | A+ |
| Butanediol | Aqueous solution/liquid | A+ |
| Butyl Acetate | | A- |
| Butyl Acrylate | | A |
| Butyl Alcohol | Aqueous solution/liquid | A+ |
| sec-Butyl Alcohol | Aqueous solution/liquid | A+ |
| t-Butyl Alcohol | Aqueous solution/liquid | A+ |
| Butyl Bromide | | A+ |
| Butyl Chloride | | A+ |
| Butyl Ether | | A- |
| Butyl Mercaptan | | A+ |
| Butyl Stearate | | A+ |
| Butylamine | Aqueous solution/liquid | A- |
| sec-Butylamine | Aqueous solution/liquid | A- |
| t-Butylamine | Aqueous solution/solid | A- |
| 1-Butylene | | A+ |

| Chemical Substance | Concentration* | Rating |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------|
| Butylphenol | | A+ |
| Butyraldehyde | | A+ |
| Butyric Acid | | A+ |
| | | |
| | | |
| C | | |
| Calcium Acetate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Calcium Bisulfate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Calcium Bisulfite | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Calcium Acetate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Calcium Bisulfate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Calcium Bisulfite | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Calcium Bromide | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Calcium Carbonate | | A+ |
| Calcium Chlorate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Calcium Chloride | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Calcium Hydroxide | | A+ |
| Calcium Hypochlorite | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Calcium Nitrate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Calcium Oxide | | A+ |
| Calcium Phosphate | | A+ |
| Calcium Sulfate | | A+ |
| Cane Sugar Liquors | | A+ |
| Caprylic Acid | | A+ |
| Carbon Dioxide | | A+ |
| Carbon Disulfide | | A |
| Carbon Monoxide | | A+ |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | | A+ |
| Carbonic Acid | | A+ |
| Casein | | A+ |
| Castor Oil | | A+ |
| Chloral Hydrate | | A |
| Chlorinated Phenol | | A+ |
| Chlorine | 5% in CCl4 | A+ |
| Chlorine, gas | | A+ |
| Chlorine, liquid | | A+ |
| Chlorine Dioxide | | A+ |

A+: Suitable for elevated temperatures

A: Suitable for continuous ambient conditions and for short term elevated temperatures

A-: Suitable for continuous use in diluted form - contact IPEX

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CHEMICAL RESISTANCE DATA

| Chemical Substance | Concentration* | Rating |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|--------|
| Chlorine Water | | A+ |
| Chloroacetic Acid | Aqueous solution/pure | A |
| Chloroacetyl Chloride | | A+ |
| Chlorobenzene | | A+ |
| Chlorobenzene-sulfonic Acid | Aqueous solution/pure | A+ |
| Chlorobenzyl Chloride | | A+ |
| Chlorofluorocarbon 11 | | A+ |
| Chlorofluorocarbon 12 | | A+ |
| Chlorofluorocarbon 13 | | A+ |
| Chlorofluorocarbon 14 | | A+ |
| Chlorofluorocarbon 21 | | A+ |
| Chlorofluorocarbon 22 | | A+ |
| Chlorofluorocarbon 113 | | A+ |
| Chlorofluorocarbon 114 | | A+ |
| Chloroform | | A+ |
| 6-Chlorohexanol | | A+ |
| Chlorohydrin | | A+ |
| Chloropicrin | | A+ |
| Chlorosulfonic Acid | | A |
| Chlorotrimethylsilane | | A+ |
| Chrome Alum | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Chromic Acid | Up to 40% in water | A+ |
| Chromic Acid | 50% in water | A+ |
| Chromyl Chloride | | A+ |
| Cider | | A+ |
| Citric Acid | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Coal Gas | | A+ |
| Coconut Oil | | A+ |
| Copper Acetate | | A+ |
| Copper Carbonate, basic | | A+ |
| Copper Chloride | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Copper Cyanide | | A+ |
| Copper Fluoride | | A+ |
| Copper Nitrate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Copper Sulfate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Corn Oil | | A+ |
| Corn Syrup | | A+ |

| Chemical Substance | Concentration* | Rating |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Cottonseed Oil | | A+ |
| Cresol | | A+ |
| Cresylic Acid | | A+ |
| Crotonaldehyde | | A |
| Crude Oil | | A+ |
| Cryolite | | A+ |
| Cuprous Chloride | | A+ |
| Cyclohexane | | A+ |
| Cyclohexanol | | A+ |
| Cyclohexanone | | A |
| Cyclohexyl Acetate | | A+ |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| D | | |
| Decane | | A+ |
| Dextrin | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Diacetone Alcohol | | A |
| p-Dibromobenzene | | A+ |
| 1,2,-Dibromopropane | | A+ |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | | A- |
| Dibutyl Sebacate | | NR |
| Dibutylamine | Aqueous solution/liquid | A |
| Dichloroacetic Acid | Aqueous solution/liquid | A+ |
| o-Dichlorobenzene | | A+ |
| Dichlorodimethylsilane | | A+ |
| Dichloroethylene | | A+ |
| 2,2-Dichloropropionic Acid | | A |
| aa-Dichlorotoluene | | A+ |
| Diesel Fuels | | A+ |
| Diethanolamine | Aqueous solution/liquid | A- |
| Diethylamine | Aqueous solution/liquid | A- |
| Diethyl Malonate | | NR |
| Diethylenetriamine | Aqueous solution/liquid | A |
| Diglycolic Acid | | A |
| Diisobutyl Ketone | | A- |
| Diisobutylene | | A+ |
| Diisopropyl Ketone | | A- |

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CHEMICAL RESISTANCE DATA

| Chemical Substance | Concentration* | Rating |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Dimethyl Acetamide | | NR |
| Dimethyl Formamide | | NR |
| Dimethyl Phthalate | | A- |
| Dimethyl Sulfate | | A |
| Dimethyl Sulfoxide | | A- |
| Dimethylamine | Aqueous solution/gas | A |
| Dimethylaniline | | A |
| 2,6,-Dimethyl-4-heptanol | | A+ |
| 2,5-Dimethyl-1,5-hexadiene | | A+ |
| Diethyl Phthalate | | A |
| Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether | | A- |
| Disodium Phosphate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Divinyl Benzene | | A |
| | | |
| E | | |
| Epichlorohydrin | | A- |
| Epsom Salts | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Ethanol | | A |
| Ethanolamine | Aqueous solution/liquid | A- |
| 2-Ethoxyethyl Acetate | Aqueous solution/liquid | A+ |
| Ethyl Acetate | | A- |
| Ethyl Acetoacetate | | A |
| Ethyl Acrylate | | A |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Aqueous solution/liquid | A+ |
| Ethyl Chloride | | A+ |
| Ethyl Chloroacetate | | A |
| Ethyl Chloroformate | | A |
| Ethyl Cyanoacetate | | A |
| Ethyl Ether | | A |
| Ethyl Formate | | A |
| Ethylbenzene | | A+ |
| Ethylene Chlorohydrin | Aqueous solution/liquid | A |
| Ethylene Dichloride | | A+ |
| Ethylene Glycol | Aqueous solution/liquid | A+ |
| Ethylene Oxide | | A+ |
| Ethylenediamine | Aqueous solution/liquid | A+ |

| Chemical Substance | Concentration* | Rating |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------|
| 2-Ethyl-1-hexanol | | A+ |
| | | |
| | | |
| F | | |
| Fatty Acids | | A+ |
| Fatty Acids, Sulfonates | | A+ |
| Ferric Chloride | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Ferric Hydroxide | | A+ |
| Ferric Nitrate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Ferric Sulfate | | A+ |
| Ferric Sulfide | | A+ |
| Ferrous Chloride | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Ferrous Hydroxide | | A+ |
| Ferrous Nitrate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Ferrous Sulfate | | A+ |
| Fluorine | | A |
| Fluoroboric Acid | Aqueous solution | A+ |
| Fluorosilic Acid | | A+ |
| Formaldehyde | 37% in water | A+ |
| Formic Acid | Aqueous solution/liquid | A+ |
| Fructose | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Fruit Juices, Pulp | | A+ |
| Fuel Oil | | A+ |
| Fumaric Acid | | A+ |
| Furan | | A- |
| Furfural | | A |
| Furfuryl Alcohol | Aqueous solution/liquid | A |
| | | |
| | | |
| G | | |
| Gallic Acid | | A |
| Gas, manufactured | | A+ |
| Gas, natural | | A+ |
| Gasoline, leaded | | A+ |
| Gasoline, sour | | A+ |
| Gasoline, unleaded | | A+ |
| Gelatin | | A+ |

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CHEMICAL RESISTANCE DATA

| Chemical Substance | Concentration* | Rating |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Gin | | A+ |
| Glucose | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Glue | | A+ |
| Glutamic Acid | | A+ |
| Glycerin | Aqueous solution/liquid | A+ |
| Glycine | Aqueous solution/solid | A |
| Glycolic Acid | | A |
| | | |
| | | |
| H | | |
| Heptane | | A+ |
| Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene | | A |
| Hexamethylenediamine | | A- |
| Hexamethylphosphotriamide | | A- |
| Hexane | | A+ |
| Hexyl Alcohol | | A+ |
| Hydrazine | Aqueous solution/liquid | A+ |
| Hydrazine Dihydrochloride | Aqueous solution/solid | A |
| Hydrazine Hydrate | Aqueous solution/liquid | A+ |
| Hydriodic Acid | Aqueous solution | A+ |
| Hydrobromic Acid | Up to 50% in water | A+ |
| Hydrochloric Acid | Up to “concentrated” | A+ |
| Hydrocyanic Acid | Aqueous solution | A+ |
| Hydrofluoric Acid | Up to 40% in water | A+ |
| Hydrofluoric Acid | 41-100% in water | A+ |
| Hydrogen | | A+ |
| Hydrogen Chloride | | A+ |
| Hydrogen Cyanide | | A+ |
| Hydrogen Fluoride | | A+ |
| Hydrogen Peroxide | Up to 30% in water | A+ |
| Hydrogen Peroxide | 90% in water | A |
| Hydrogen Sulfide | | A+ |
| Hydrogen Sulfide | Aqueous solution | A+ |
| Hydroquinone | | A+ |
| Hyprochlorous Acid | Aqueous solution | A |
| | | |
| | | |

| Chemical Substance | Concentration* | Rating |
|---------------------|----------------------------|--------|
| I | | |
| Iodine | 10% in Non-Aqueous solvent | A+ |
| Iodine, gas | | A+ |
| Iodoform | | A+ |
| Isoamyl Ether | | A+ |
| Isobutyl Alcohol | | A+ |
| Isoccatne | | A+ |
| Isophorone | | A+ |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | | A+ |
| Isopropyl Chloride | | A |
| Isopropyl Ether | | A |
| Isopropylbenzene | | A |
| | | |
| | | |
| J | | |
| Jet Fuel (JP4, JP5) | | A+ |
| | | |
| | | |
| K | | |
| Kerosene | | A+ |
| | | |
| | | |
| L | | |
| Lactic Acid | Aqueous solution/pure | A+ |
| Lanolin | | A+ |
| Lard Oil | | A+ |
| Lauric Acid | | A+ |
| Lauroyl Chloride | | A+ |
| Lauryl Mercaptan | | A+ |
| Lauryl Sulfate | | A+ |
| Lead Acetate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Lead Chloride | | A+ |
| Lead Nitrate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Lead Sulfate | | A+ |
| Lemon Oil | | A+ |
| Linoleic Acid | | A+ |
| Linseed Oil | | A+ |

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A-: Suitable for continuous use in diluted form - contact IPEX

NR: If concentration will be less than 100% - contact IPEX

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KYNAR® POLYVINYLIDENE FLUORIDE (PVDF) FOR WASTE DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

CHEMICAL RESISTANCE DATA

| Chemical Substance | Concentration* | Rating |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Lithium Bromide | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Lithium Chloride | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Lubricating Oil | | A+ |
| | | |
| M | | |
| Magnesium Carbonate | | A+ |
| Magnesium Chloride | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Magnesium Citrate | | A+ |
| Magnesium Hydroxide | | A+ |
| Magnesium Nitrate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Magnesium Sulfate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Maleic Acid | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Maleic Anhydride | | A |
| Malic Acid | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Manganese Sulfate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Mercuric Chloride | | A+ |
| Mercuric Cyanide | | A+ |
| Mercuric Nitrate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Mercury | | A+ |
| Methacrylic Acid | | A |
| Methane | | A+ |
| Methanesulfonic Acid | Aqueous solution/liquid | A+ |
| Methyl Acetate | | A |
| Methyl Acrylate | | A |
| Methyl Alcohol | Aqueous solution/liquid | A+ |
| Methyl Bromide | | A+ |
| Methyl Chloride | | A+ |
| Methyl Chloroacetate | | A |
| Methyl Chloromethyl Ether | | A |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone | | A- |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | | A- |
| Methyl Methacrylate | | A |
| Methyl Salicylate | | A+ |
| Methylamine | | A- |
| Methylchloroform | | A+ |
| Methylene Bromide | | A+ |

| Chemical Substance | Concentration* | Rating |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Methylene Chloride | | A+ |
| Methylene Iodine | | A+ |
| Methylsulfuric Acid | Aqueous solution/liquid | A+ |
| Methyltrichlorosilane | | A+ |
| Milk | | A+ |
| Mineral Oil | | A+ |
| Molasses | | A+ |
| Morpholine | Aqueous solution/liquid | A |
| Motor Oil | | A+ |
| | | |
| N | | |
| Naphtha | | A+ |
| Naphthalene | | A+ |
| Nickel Acetate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Nickel Chloride | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Nickel Nitrate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Nickel Sulfate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Nicotine | | A |
| Nicotinic Acid | | A+ |
| Nitric Acid | Up to 10% in water | A+ |
| Nitric Acid | 11-70% in water | A+ |
| Nitric Acid, fuming | | A- |
| Nitrobenzene | | A |
| Nitroethane | | A |
| Nitrogen | | A+ |
| Nitrogen Dioxide | | A+ |
| Nitroglycerin | | A+ |
| Nitromethane | | A+ |
| Nitrotoluene | | A+ |
| Nitrous Oxide | | A- |
| | | |
| O | | |
| Octane | | A+ |
| Octene | | A+ |
| Oleic Acid | | A+ |

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KYNAR® POLYVINYLIDENE FLUORIDE (PVDF) FOR WASTE DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

CHEMICAL RESISTANCE DATA

| Chemical Substance | Concentration* | Rating |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|--------|
| Oleum | | A- |
| Olive oil | | A+ |
| Oxalic Acid | | A+ |
| Oxygen | | A+ |
| Ozone | | A+ |
| | | |
| | | |
| P | | |
| Palm Oil | | A+ |
| Palmitic Acid | | A+ |
| Paraffin | | A+ |
| Paraffin Oil | | A+ |
| Peanut Oil | | A+ |
| Perchloric Acid | 10% in water | A+ |
| Perchloric Acid | 70% in water | A+ |
| Perchloroethylene | | A+ |
| Perchloromethyl Mercaptan | | A+ |
| Petrolatum | | A+ |
| Petroleum | | A+ |
| Phenol | 5% in water | A+ |
| Phenol | | A+ |
| 1-Phenol-2-sulfonic-Acid | | A+ |
| Phenyl Ether | | A |
| Phenylhydrazine | | A |
| Phenylhydrazine Hydrochloride | Aqueous solution/solid | A |
| o-Phenylphenol | | A+ |
| Phosgene | | A+ |
| Phosphoric Acid | Less than 85% in water | A+ |
| Phosphoric Acid | 85% in water | A+ |
| Phosphorus, red | | A |
| Phosphorus, Oxychloride | | A- |
| Phosphorus, Pentachloride | | A+ |
| Phosphorus, Pentoxide | | A+ |
| Phosphorus, Trichloride | | A+ |
| Phthalic Acid | | A+ |
| Picric Acid | | A |
| Plating Solutions: Brass | | A+ |

| Chemical Substance | Concentration* | Rating |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Plating Solutions: Cadmium | | A+ |
| Plating Solutions: Chrome | | A+ |
| Plating Solutions: Copper | | A+ |
| Plating Solutions: Iron | | A+ |
| Plating Solutions: Lead | | A+ |
| Plating Solutions: Nickel | | A+ |
| Plating Solutions: Rodium | | A+ |
| Plating Solutions: Silver | | A+ |
| Plating Solutions: Speculum | | A+ |
| Plating Solutions: Tin | | A+ |
| Plating Solutions: Zinc | | A+ |
| Polyethylene Glycol | | A+ |
| Polyvinyl Acetate | | A+ |
| Polyvinyl Alcohol | | A+ |
| Potassium Acetate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Potassium Alum | Aqueous solution/liquid | A+ |
| Potassium Aluminum Chloride | | A+ |
| Potassium Bicarbonate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Potassium Bisulfate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Potassium Borate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Potassium Bromate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Potassium Bromide | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Potassium Carbonate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Potassium Chlorate | | A+ |
| Potassium Chloride | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Potassium Chromate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Potassium Cyanide | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Potassium Dichromate | | A+ |
| Potassium Ferricyanide | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Potassium Ferrocyanide | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Potassium Fluoride | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Potassium Hydroxide | 5 to 10% in water | A- |
| Potassium Hydroxide | > 50% in water | A- |
| Potassium Hypochlorite | Aqueous solution | A+ |
| Potassium Iodide | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Potassium Nitrate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Potassium Perborate | | A+ |

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CHEMICAL RESISTANCE DATA

| Chemical Substance | Concentration* | Rating |
|------------------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Potassium Perchlorate | | A+ |
| Potassium Permanganate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Potassium Persulfate | | A+ |
| Potassium Sulfate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Potassium Sulfide | | A+ |
| Propane | | A+ |
| Propyl Acetate | | A |
| Propyl Alcohol | Aqueous solution/liquid | A+ |
| Propylamine | | A- |
| Propylene Dibromide | | A+ |
| Propylene Dichloride | | A+ |
| Propylene Glycol | Aqueous solution/liquid | A+ |
| Propylene Oxide | | A- |
| Pyridine | | A- |
| Pyrogallol | Aqueous solution/solid | A |
| | | |
| S | | |
| Salicylaldehyde | | A |
| Selenic Acid | Aqueous solution/pure | A+ |
| Silicon Tetrachloride | | A+ |
| Silicone Oil | | A+ |
| Silver Cyanide | | A+ |
| Silver Nitrate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Silver Sulfate | | A+ |
| Sodium Acetate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Sodium Benzoate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Sodium Bicarbonate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Sodium Bisulfate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Sodium Bisulfite | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Sodium Bromate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Sodium Bromide | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Sodium Carbonate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Sodium Chlorate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Sodium Chlorite | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Sodium Chromate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Sodium Cyanide | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |

| Chemical Substance | Concentration* | Rating |
|---------------------------|------------------------|--------|
| Sodium Dichromate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Sodium Dithionite | Aqueous solution/solid | A |
| Sodium Ferricyanide | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Sodium Ferrocyanide | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Sodium Fluoride | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Sodium Fluosilcate | | A+ |
| Sodium Hydrogen Phosphate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Sodium Hydroxide | Up to 10% in water* | A |
| Sodium Hydroxide | > 50% in water | A |
| Sodium Hypochlorite | Up to 5% in water | A+ |
| Sodium Hypochlorite | 6-15% in water | A+ |
| Sodium Iodide | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Sodium Nitrate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Sodium Nitrite | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Sodium Palmitate | | A+ |
| Sodium Perchlorate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Sodium Peroxide | | A+ |
| Sodium Phosphate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Sodium Thiocyanate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Sodium Thiosulfate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Sour Crude Oil | | A+ |
| Soybean Oil | | A+ |
| Stannic Chloride | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Stannous Chloride | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Starch | | A+ |
| Stearic Acid | | A+ |
| Stilbene | | A+ |
| Styrene | | A+ |
| Succinic Acid | | A+ |
| Sugar Syrup | | A+ |
| Sulfur | | A+ |
| Sulfur Chloride | | A |
| Sulfur Dichloride | | A |
| Sulfur Dioxide | | A+ |
| Sulfur Trioxide | | A- |
| Sulfuric Acid | Up to 60% in water | A+ |
| Sulfuric Acid | 60-93% in water | A+ |

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CHEMICAL RESISTANCE DATA

| Chemical Substance | Concentration* | Rating |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Sulfuric Acid | 98% in water | A |
| Sulfuric Acid, fuming | | A |
| Sulfuryl Chloride | | A- |
| | | |
| T | | |
| Tetraethyllead | | A+ |
| Tetrahydrofuran | Aqueous solution/liquid | A- |
| Tetramethylammonium Hydroxide | Up to 10% in water | A+ |
| Tetramethylurea | | A- |
| Thioglycol | | A |
| Thioglycolic Acid | | A+ |
| Thionyl Chloride | | A- |
| Thiophosphoryl Chloride | | A- |
| Thread Cutting Oils | | A+ |
| Titanium Tetrachloride | | A+ |
| Toluene | | A+ |
| Toluenesulfonyl Chloride | | A |
| Tomato Juice | | A+ |
| Tributyl Phosphate | | A |
| Trichloroacetic Acid | Up to 10% in water | A+ |
| Trichloroacetic Acid | 50% in water to pure | A |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | | A+ |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | | A+ |
| Trichloroethylene | | A+ |
| 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | | A+ |
| Tricresyl Phosphate | | A- |
| Triethanolamine | Aqueous solution/liquid | A |
| Triethylamine | | A |
| Trifluoroacetic Acid | 50% in water | A+ |
| Trifluoroacetic Acid | | A |
| Trimethylamine | Aqueous solution/gas | A |
| Turpentine | | A+ |
| | | |
| U | | |
| Urea | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |

| Chemical Substance | Concentration* | Rating |
|---|------------------------|--------|
| V | | |
| Varnish | | A+ |
| Varsol | | A+ |
| Vegetable Oil | | A+ |
| Vinegar | | A+ |
| Vinyl Acetate | | A+ |
| Vinyl Chloride | | A+ |
| Vinylidene Chloride | | A+ |
| | | |
| W | | |
| Water | | A+ |
| Water, salt | | A+ |
| Water, sewage | | A+ |
| Whiskey | | A+ |
| Wine | | A+ |
| | | |
| X | | |
| Xylene | | A+ |
| | | |
| Z | | |
| Zinc Acetate | Aqueous solution | A+ |
| Zinc Bromide | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Zinc Chloride | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Zinc Nitrate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| Zinc Sulfate | Aqueous solution/solid | A+ |
| | | |
| | | |
| <p>The ratings given on the previous pages are a guide and do not constitute a warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, with respect to the performance of Kynar® polyvinylidene fluoride resin in any specific application.</p> | | |

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SALES AND CUSTOMER SERVICE

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U.S. Customers call IPEX USA LLC

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About the IPEX Group of Companies

As leading suppliers of thermoplastic piping systems, the IPEX Group of Companies provides our customers with some of the world's largest and most comprehensive product lines. All IPEX products are backed by more than 50 years of experience. With state-of-the-art manufacturing facilities and distribution centers across North America, we have established a reputation for product innovation, quality, end-user focus and performance.

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- Electrical systems
- Telecommunications and utility piping systems
- PVC, CPVC, PP, ABS, PEX, FR-PVDF and PE pipe and fittings (1/4" to 48")
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- Irrigation systems



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